

O K L A H O M A S T A T E U N I V E R S I T Y
S C H O O L O F E L E C T R I C A L A N D C O M P U T E R E N G I N E E R I N G



ECEN 3413 Controls I
Spring 1998
Midterm Exam #1



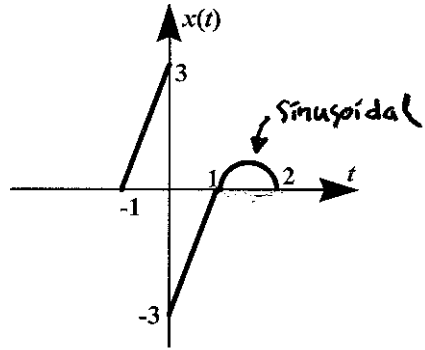
Name : _____

Student ID: _____

E-Mail Address: _____

Problem 1: (*Signal Representation*)

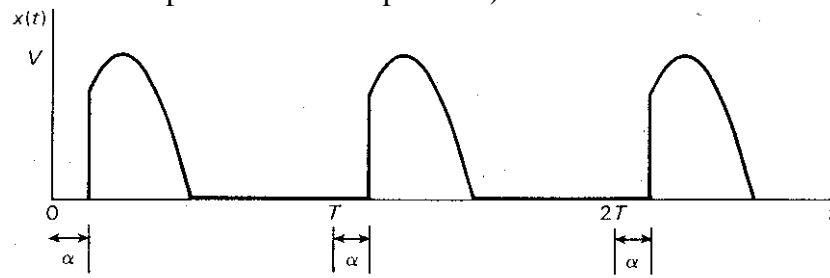
Describe the following signal, $x(t)$, in terms of some basis functions:



Problem 2: (*Laplace transform*)

Determine the Laplace transform of the following signal, $x(t)$, with only *ten* periods (cycles).

(Note that the maximum amplitude is V with period T)



Problem 3: (*Solving Differential Equation*)

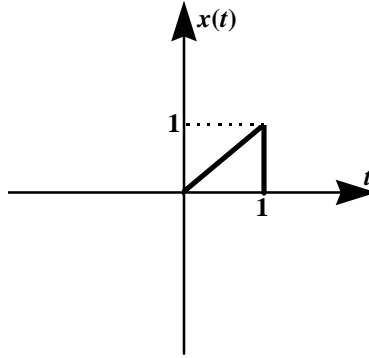
Solving the linear time-invariant ordinary differential equation

$$\frac{d^2 y(t)}{dt^2} + 4 \frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 13y(t) = -5 \frac{dx(t)}{dt} + 6x(t),$$

with initial conditions and input $y(0) = 3$, $\left. \frac{dy(t)}{dt} \right|_{t=0} = -2$, $x(t) = e^{-4t} u(t)$, where $y(t)$ is the output response and $x(t)$ is the input signal. Find $y(t)$ and $y(0)$ via initial value theorem.

Problem 4: (*Electrical Circuit*)

Consider a filtered circuit that the output response, $y(t)$, is the time-convolution of the input signal, $x(t)$, and the impulse response, $h(t)$, where $h(t) = e^{-2t}u(t)$ (i.e., $y(t) = \int_0^t x(\tau)h(t - \tau)d\tau$). $x(t)$ is graphically given as



Determine $y(t)$.